



CGC COMMUNITY CANINE TITLE

About the AKC Community CanineSM Title

AKC Community CanineSM is the advanced level of the AKC's Canine Good Citizen Program. Dogs who pass the AKC Community Canine test earn the official AKC Community Canine title that is designated by the letters "CGCA" (Advanced CGC) on the dog's title record.

Whereas Canine Good Citizen tests are most often tested in a ring and situations are simulated (e.g., 3 helpers serve as a "crowd"), the AKC Community Canine test is done in real situations including at shows, classes, and in the community.

AKC Approved CGC Evaluators administer the AKC Community Canine test.

Age Requirements for Dogs

There is no age limit for dogs taking the AKC Community Canine test. However, before taking the test, dogs must have a Canine Good Citizen test on record at AKC.

There are several exceptions to having no age limit at an AKC Community Canine test. When AKC Community Canine tests are given in conjunction with AKC events, clubs enforce the regulations for all activities.

Collar, Leashes and Equipment

All tests must be performed on leash. Dogs should wear well-fitting buckle or slip collars (including martingales) or body harnesses. Body harnesses should not restrict the movement of the dog. Special training equipment such as pinch collars and head collars are not permitted. The leash should be made of either leather or fabric. Retractable leashes may not be used in the test.

We recognize that special training collars may be valuable equipment in the beginning stages of dog training, however, we feel that dogs are ready to be tested after they have been transitioned to a slip or buckle collar (body harnesses are also acceptable). If an evaluator is teaching classes and does not feel comfortable with one of the permitted collars, students may be required to take the test in the type of collar used in class (as long as it is permitted by AKC for testing). If the test is advertised for the general public, all of the permitted collar types and body harnesses should be allowed in the test.

Fees

Test-giving organizations and individual evaluators may charge a fee for conducting an AKC Community Canine test. Fees are used to cover the costs of test kits, mailing, copying, and advertising related to the test. Private trainers sometimes charge a fee for a testing session that is commensurate with their hourly rate of service. There is a \$20.00 processing fee that the dog owner will pay to the AKC for the AKC Community Canine title.

Food

Handlers are not permitted to use food as a reward during the AKC Community Canine Test. While we recognize that food can be an effective reinforcer during training, it should not be used in the test. As with CGC, the purpose of the AKC Community Canine test is to determine if the dog relates to the owner and if it can be controlled without food.

Handler/Dog Interactions During Test

Handlers may talk to their dogs and provide praise throughout the test. The test items should be in as natural, realistic format as possible. Evaluators should encourage the test to be fun.

Evaluators may remind handlers to communicate with their dogs. Evaluators should not make the test easier by eliminating test items, nor should they require a higher level of performance than the test requires. Of course, evaluators may choose to teach more advanced skills in their classes.





AKC COMMUNITY CANINE TEST

Advanced Canine Good Citizen (the “CGCA” title)

To earn the CGCA title, the dog must:

1. be registered or listed with AKC (AKC number, PAL, or AKC Canine Partners number) and,
2. already have a Canine Good Citizen award/title on record.

Dogs must pass all 10 items of the test to receive the CGCA title.

1. **Dog stands, sits or lies down and waits under control while the owner:**
 - o sits at the registration table and fills out paperwork, or,
 - o if the test is done in the community, dog waits while the owner sits and has a snack or visits with another person (e.g., at a park)
2. **Walks on a loose leash in a natural situation (not in a ring) — does not pull.**
 - o left turn
 - o right turn
 - o stop
 - o fast and slow pace
3. **Walks on loose leash through a crowd:**
 - o at a show or in class, this item is tested in a real crowd, not in a ring
 - o in the community, dog walks on sidewalk, through a crowd at a community fair, park, on a trail, through a busy hallway, etc.
4. **Dog walks past distraction dogs present; does not pull.**

This item may be tested along with #3 if there are dogs in the crowd, etc.

 - o at a show or class, dog walks by dogs waiting in the crowd—dogs 2 ft. apart
 - o in the community, dog walks by other dogs on a trail, sidewalk, in a hallway, etc.
5. **Sit-stay in small group (two other people with dogs, total of 3 people, 3 dogs in group).**
6. **Dog allows person who is carrying something (backpack, computer bag, etc.) to approach and pet it.**

“May I pet your dog?” (Item is placed on floor/ground before the person pets the dog)
7. **“Leave it.” Dog walks by food and follows owner instructions, “Leave it.”**

This can be food placed by the evaluator on the floor or ground in a food dish with a wire cover as in Rally.
8. **Down or sit stay — distance (owner’s choice).**

Dog is on 20–ft line, owner walks away with back to dog, picks up an item (e.g., backpack, training bag, clipboard, folder etc.) placed on the floor/chair/ground by the evaluator and returns to the dog.
9. **Recall with distractions present (coming when called). Handler goes out 20–ft. *(off center) and calls dog.**

Dog is on the 20–ft. line from #8 above.

10. **Dog will sit or stand stay (owner’s choice) while owner enters/exits a doorway or narrow passageway.**

Owner calls dog through door when ready.

Owner may also choose to:

1. send the dog through first and have the dog wait for the owner, or
2. the owner may choose to have the dog go through the doorway at the owner’s side.

Whichever method is used, the dog must not pull the owner and must be under good control. Think of the handler having the leash in one hand and a cup of coffee in the other.

Doorway or gate can be real or simulated with ring gates, two chairs, or a natural passageway (e.g., entrance to trail) in the community.

